

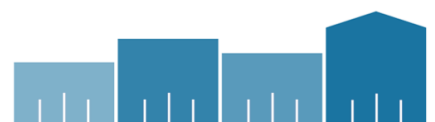
ANNUAL POINT-IN-TIME REPORT

2024

PREPARED FOR

HOUSING FORWARD

TEXAS – 600 DALLAS CITY AND COUNTY, IRVING
CONTINUUM OF CARE



Institute for Community Alliances



1111 9th Street, Suite 380 Des Moines, IA 50314



515-246-6643



<https://icalliances.org>

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ACRONYM GLOSSARY

AIDS	Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome
CoC	Continuum of Care
CH	Chronic Homelessness
DV	Domestic Violence
ES	Emergency Shelter
HIC	Housing Inventory Count
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
HMIS	Homeless Management Information System
HUD	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
ICA	Institute for Community Alliances
OPH	Other Permanent Housing (Housing with and without services)
PSH	Permanent Supportive Housing
PIT	Point-in-Time
RRH	Rapid Rehousing
SH	Safe Haven
TH	Transitional Housing
TX-600	Dallas and Collin County Continuum of Care

OVERVIEW

AT A GLANCE

3,718 Individuals included in the 2023 Point-in-Time

12% **Decrease** in those experiencing homelessness.

8% **Decline** in those experiencing unsheltered homelessness.

AGE RANGES

29% 55 or older

21% Between the ages of 55-64

9% 64 or older

The Annual Point-in-Time and Housing Inventory Count (PIT/HIC) are federally mandated submissions to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) utilized to monitor national and local progress towards preventing and ending homelessness.

The **Point-in-Time (PIT)** provides counts of Sheltered and Unsheltered persons experiencing homelessness broken out by household type(s) and/or subpopulation(s).

The **Housing Inventory Count (HIC)** is a companion to the PIT and is an inventory of organizations within the Continuum of Care (CoC) that provide beds and units dedicated to serving persons experiencing homelessness.

Housing Forward, the Continuum of Care (CoC) Lead Agency for Dallas and Collin Counties (TX-600 CoC), in collaboration with the All Neighbors Coalition's Partner Organizations conducted the unsheltered count on January 25, 2024.

Institute for Community Alliances (ICA) conducted PIT/HIC analysis, including identification of the following:

- Data Trends
- Utilization Analysis
- Data Breakouts
 - Project Type
 - County
 - Demographic Details
 - Subpopulations

2024 POINT-IN-TIME

AT A GLANCE

3,718 Individuals identified as experiencing homelessness on January 25, 2024.

71% Of individuals surveyed were in **sheltered** projects in Dallas and Collin County.

42% Emergency Shelter

27% Transitional Housing

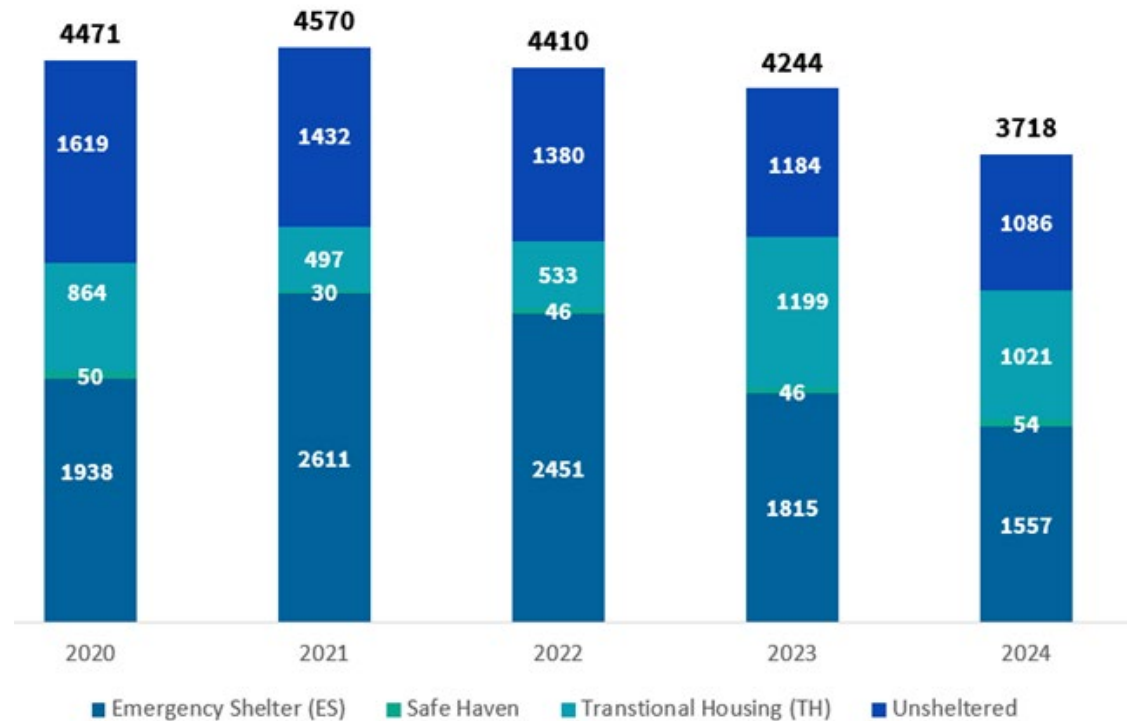
1% Safe Haven

29% Of individuals surveyed were **unsheltered** in Dallas and Collin County.

12% **Total decrease** in the number of individuals identified as homeless for the PIT compared to 2023.

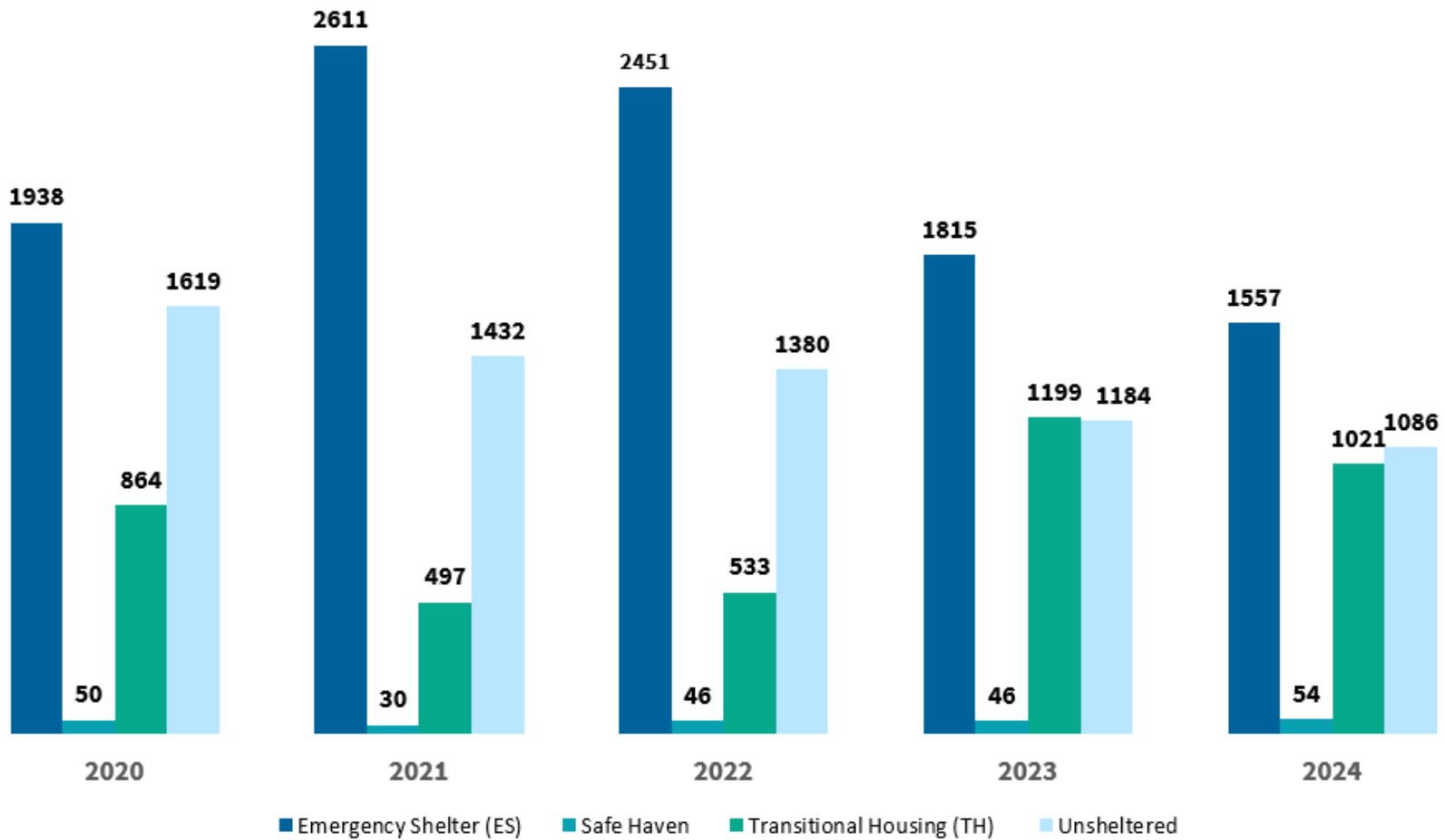
YEAR-TO-YEAR BREAKDOWN

The sections below will further analyze the data collected for both sheltered and unsheltered individuals for the 2024 Point-in-Time.



BY PROJECT TYPE

A total of 3,718 individuals were identified as experiencing homelessness in Dallas and Collin Counties on the night of the 2024 count. 71% of individuals surveyed were in sheltered project types, including emergency shelter, transitional housing, and safe haven projects. 29% were unsheltered, which is defined as staying in a place not meant for human habitation.



UNSHELTERED AND SHELTERED

AT A GLANCE

1,086 Individuals identified as experiencing **unsheltered** homelessness on January 25, 2024

24% Total **unsheltered** decrease compared to 2021. This continues the decreasing trend for the past 5 years.

2,632 Individuals identified as experiencing **sheltered** homelessness on January 25, 2024

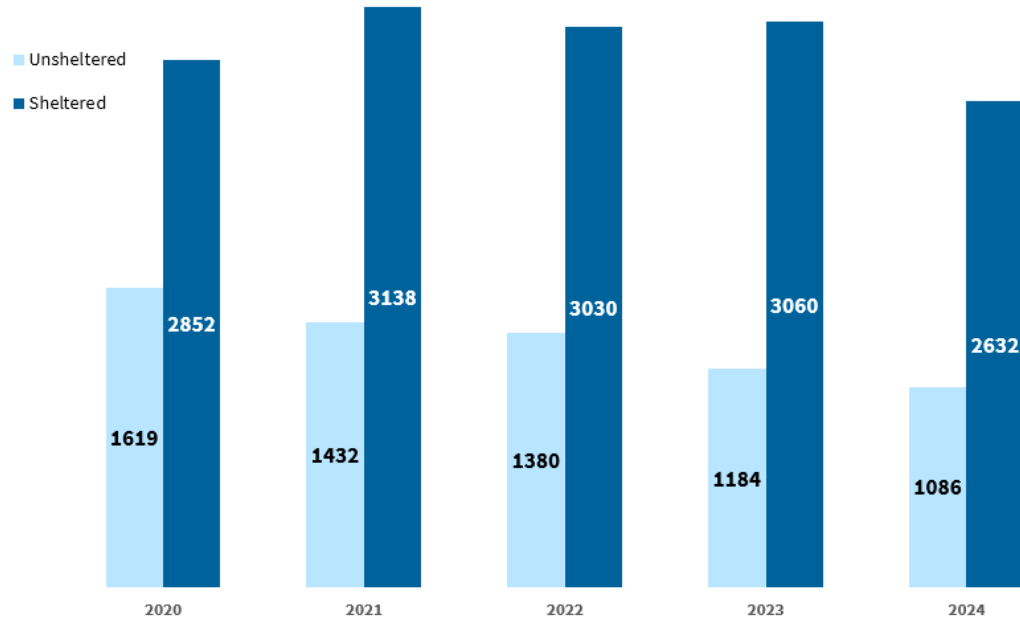
14% Decrease in emergency shelter totals

15% Increase in transitional housing totals

59 Residential homeless services projects included in the **sheltered** count.

There was an overall decrease of 8.3% in the unsheltered count. Inclement weather shelters were not activated on the night of the count. With these shelters closed, an increase in unsheltered individuals may have been expected, however the trend has continued to show a decline in the unsheltered counts.

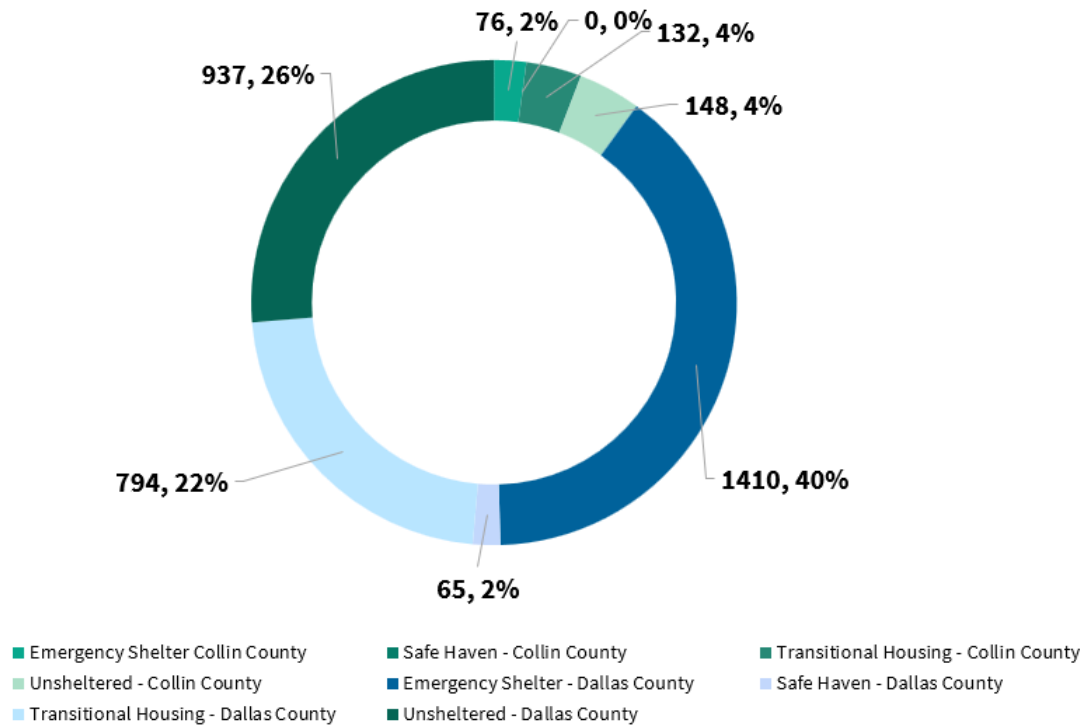
There was also an overall decrease of 14% in the sheltered counts, including emergency shelter and transitional housing programs, with an increase of 17% in the communities two safe haven programs.



DALLAS AND COLLIN COUNTIES

Data for Dallas and Collin Counties was disaggregated to gain a better geographical understanding of homelessness across the CoC. Locations for sheltered individuals were determined by the physical location of the emergency shelter, transitional housing, or safe haven project where the individual was residing. The specific geographic location for individuals experiencing unsheltered homelessness was determined by the location where the unsheltered survey took place for the individual on the night of the count. 88% of individuals counted in the sheltered and unsheltered count were in Dallas County, while the remaining 12% were in Collin County. Of the total number of individuals experiencing homelessness, in Dallas County 26% were unsheltered and 62% were sheltered, and in Collin County 4% were unsheltered and 8% were sheltered.

Dallas and Collin County | By Project Type, Sheltered, Unsheltered



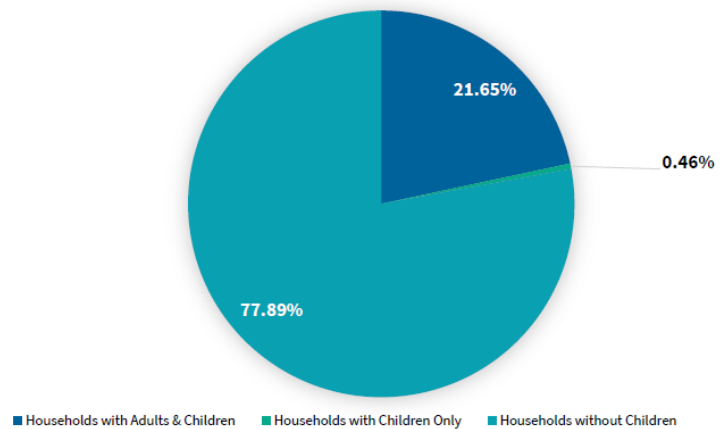
HOUSEHOLD TYPES

The majority of individuals experiencing homelessness in both the sheltered and unsheltered populations are represented in households without children (~78%). Almost 22% of the total number of individuals experiencing homelessness were in households with both adults and children (at least one individual in the grouping was at least 18 years of age or older). Less than one percent of the households with adults and children experiencing homelessness were unsheltered. Additionally, less than one percent of the total individuals experiencing homelessness were in households with children only, meaning all individuals or members of the grouping under the age of 18.

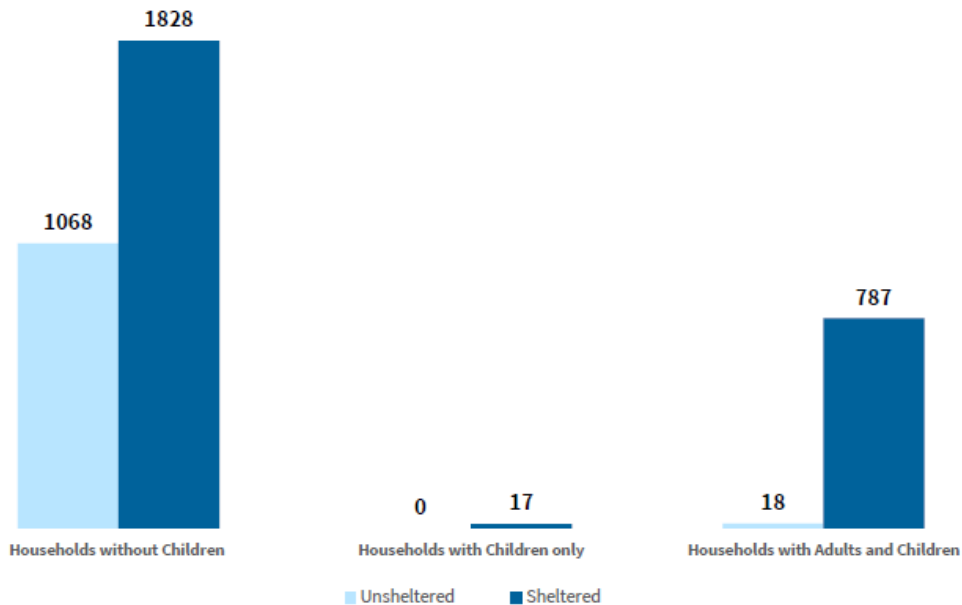
AT A GLANCE

- 78%** Households without children
- 21%** Households with both adults and children (Persons in Families)
- <1%** Persons in families were unsheltered.
- <1%** Households with children only

BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE



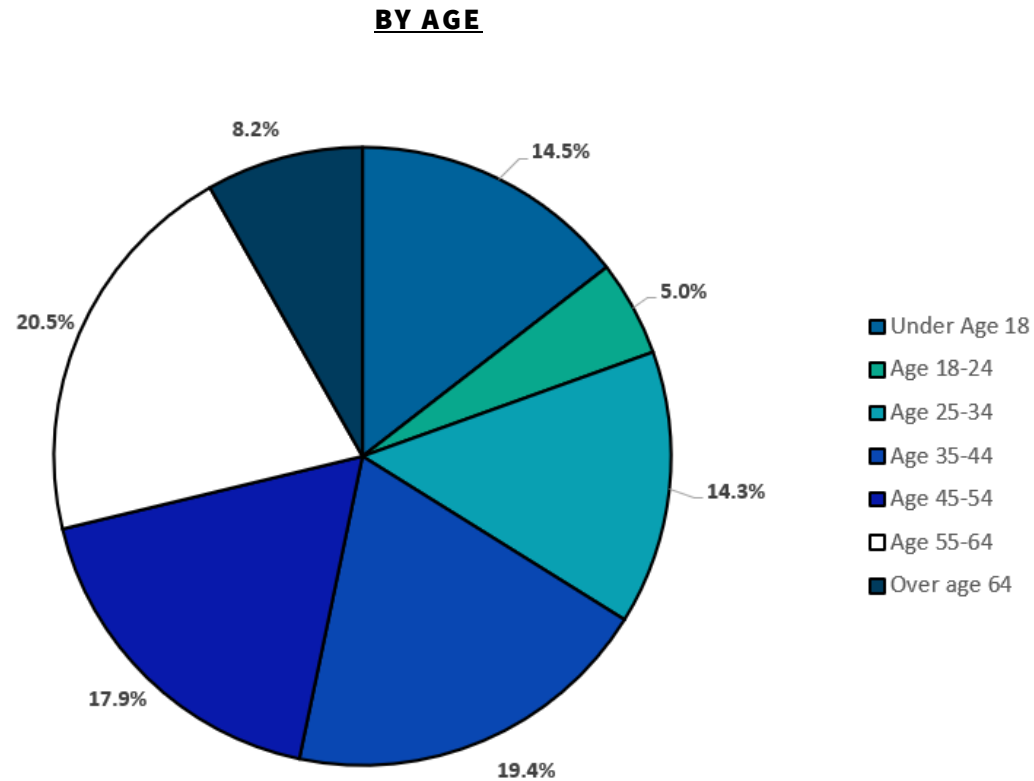
SHELTERED/UNSHELTERED



DEMOGRAPHIC DETAILS

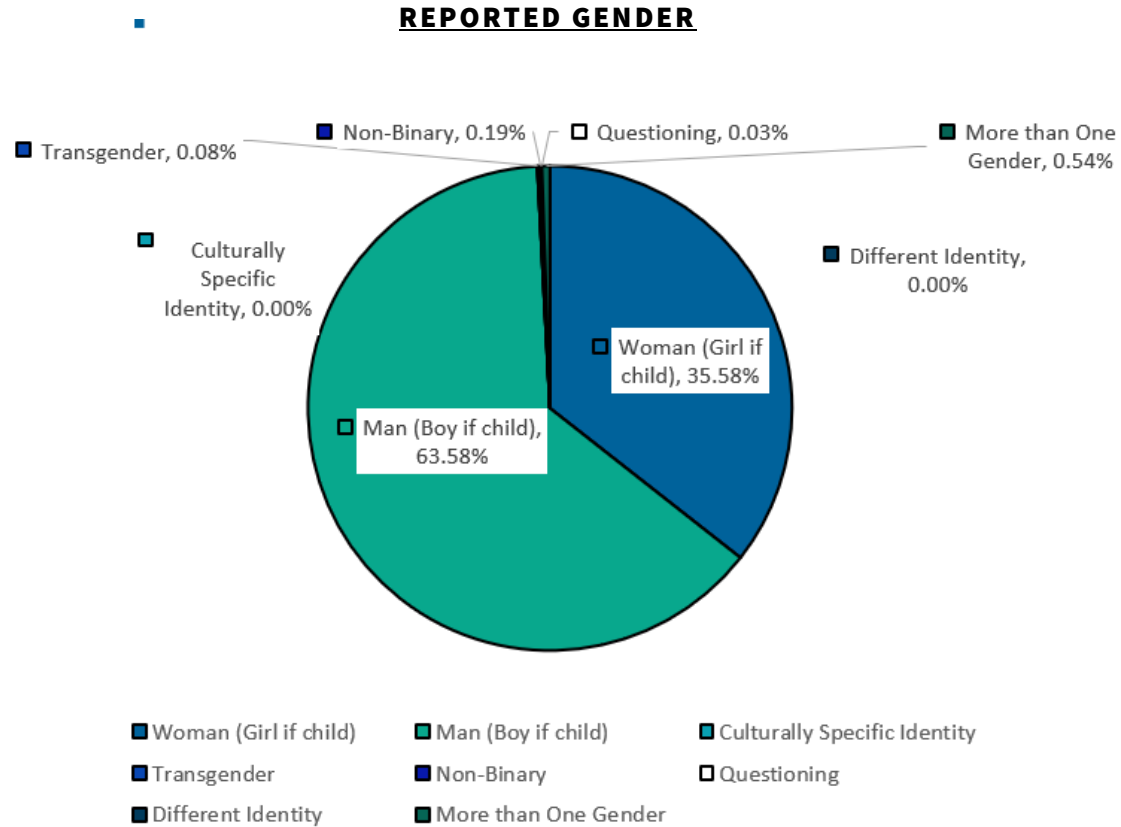
AGE

The age distributions of all individuals experiencing homelessness in the 2024 count are detailed in the chart below. 29% of individuals on the night of the count were over the age of 55, with 8 percent (8%) of those individuals over the age of 64.



GENDER

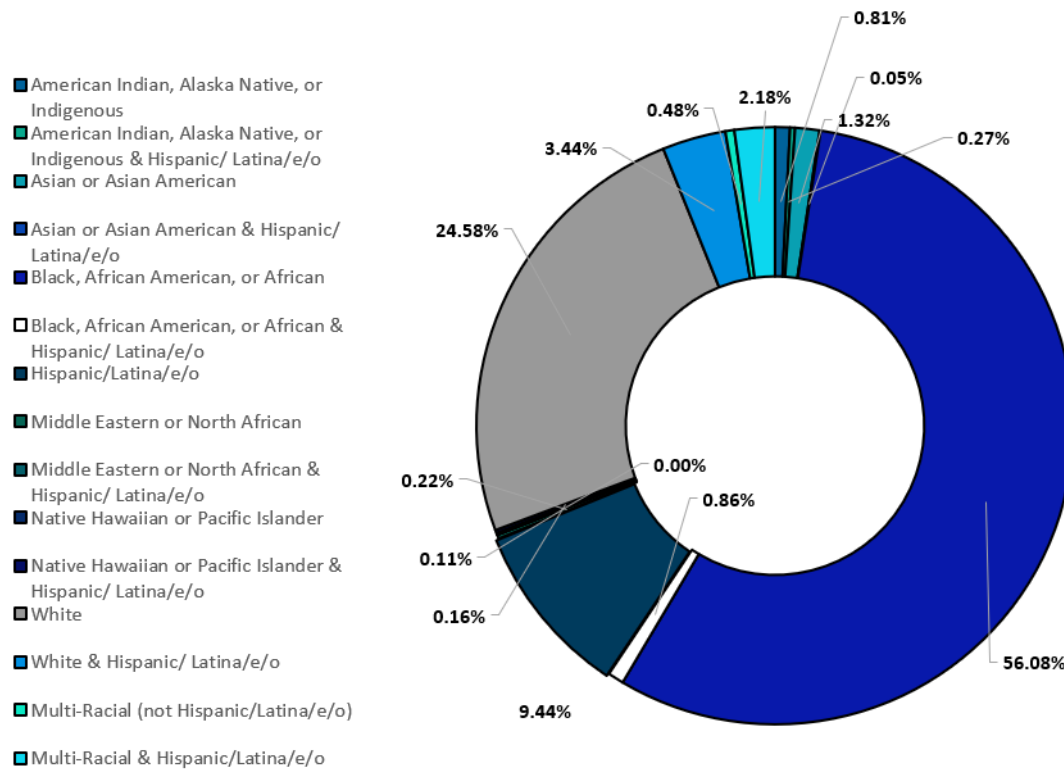
Gender categories were expanded by HUD in the 2024 Data Standards. Individuals identifying as Woman (Girl, if child) comprise almost 36% of the overall sheltered and unsheltered totals. Individuals identifying as Man (Boy, if child) equal almost 63% of the overall sheltered and unsheltered totals. In the unsheltered population, males total 73%. Less than one (1) percent or 29 individuals reported transgender, questioning or a gender that is not singularly male or female.



RACE AND ETHNICITY

HUD combined the data collection fields for race and ethnicity in the 2024 data standards and added a new selection value for Middle Eastern or North African identification. Individuals identifying as Black, African American, or African experience homelessness in Dallas and Collin Counties at higher rates than whites. 56% of the total number of individuals counted in the PIT in 2024 identified as Black, African American, or African, whereas in the 2020 Census, 18% of individuals residing in Dallas and Collins Counties identified as Black, African American, or African. 25% of individuals in the PIT count reported their race as white compared to 34% in the Census.

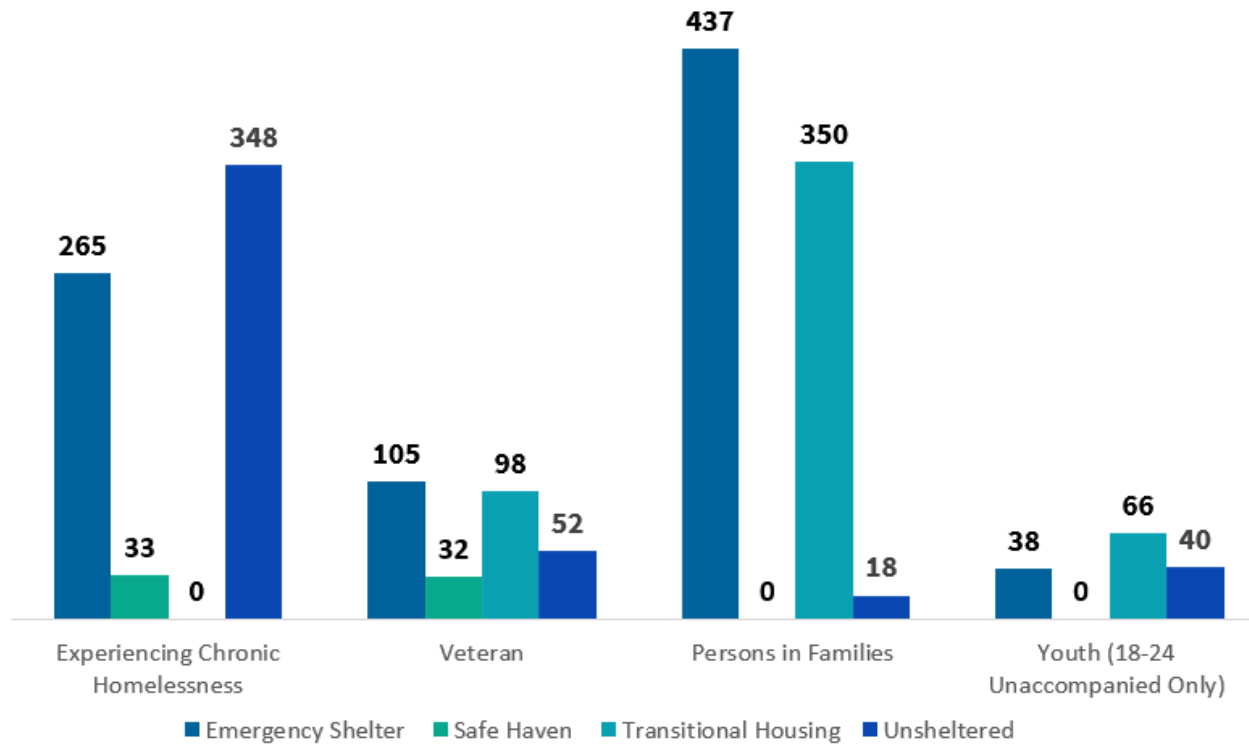
REPORTED RACE AND ETHNICITY



SUBPOPULATIONS

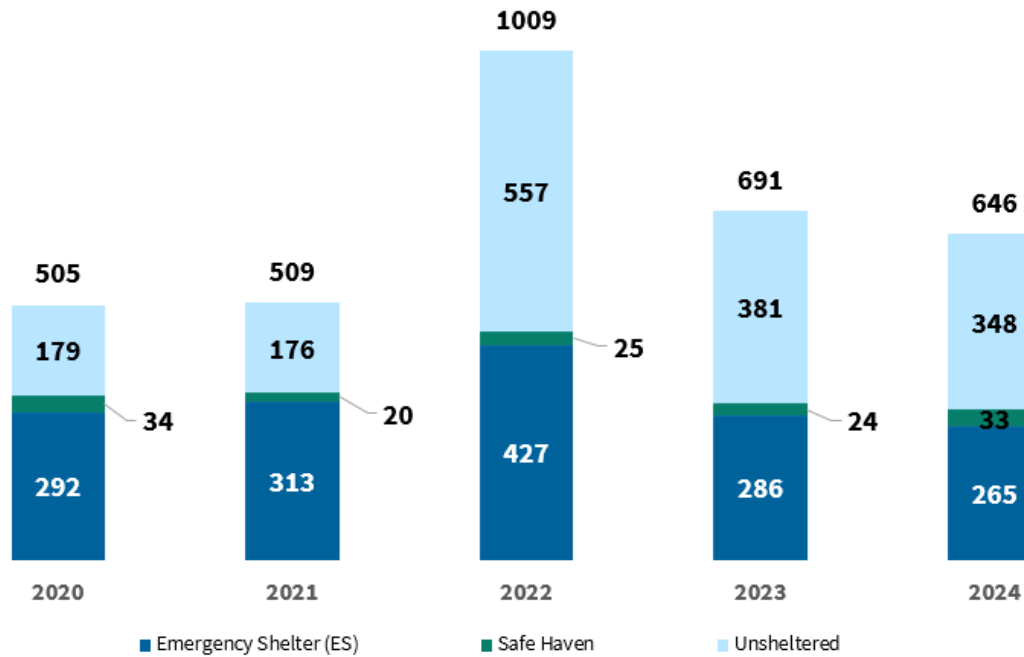
HUD defines several subpopulations for PIT data, including Veteran status, chronic homelessness, adults with children, unaccompanied youth (18-24), adults fleeing domestic violence, adults with serious mental illness, adults with substance use disorders and adults with HIV/AIDS.

2024 SUBPOPULATION PIT TOTALS



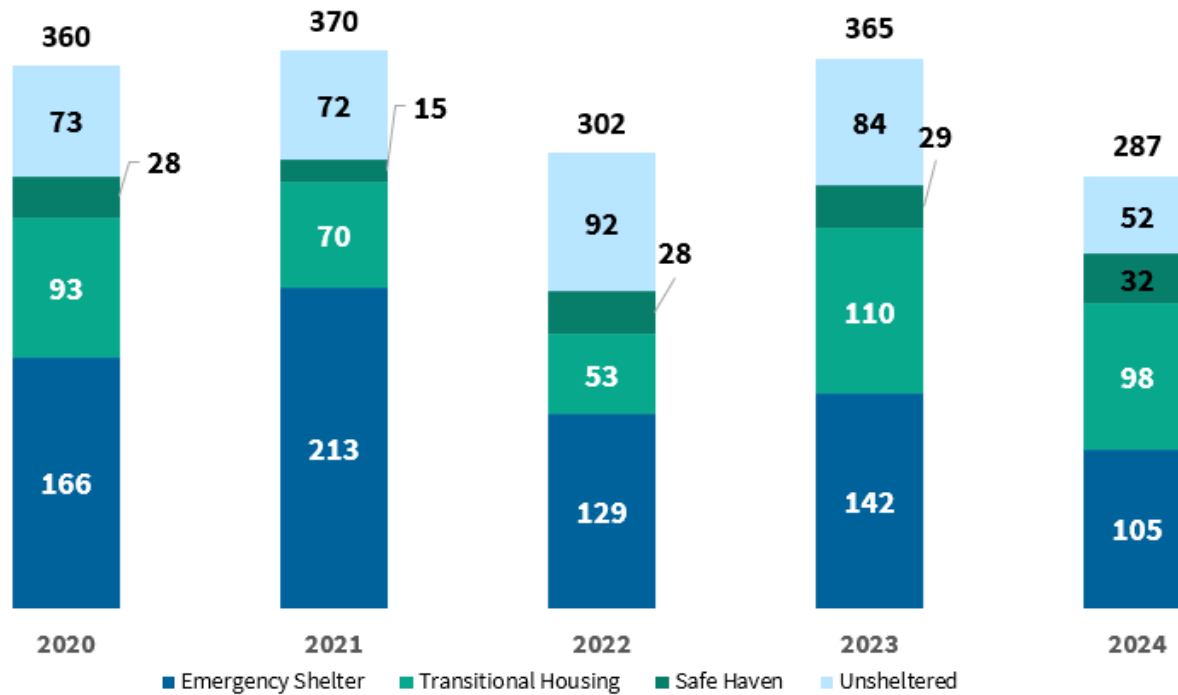
CHRONIC HOMELESSNESS

24% (646) of individuals counted in the 2024 PIT count met the definition of chronic homelessness. In 2024, there were 45 fewer individuals experiencing chronic homelessness from the 2023 PIT count. Only individuals in emergency shelter and safe haven projects, and in unsheltered locations (2697) can be considered chronically homeless per the definition from HUD.



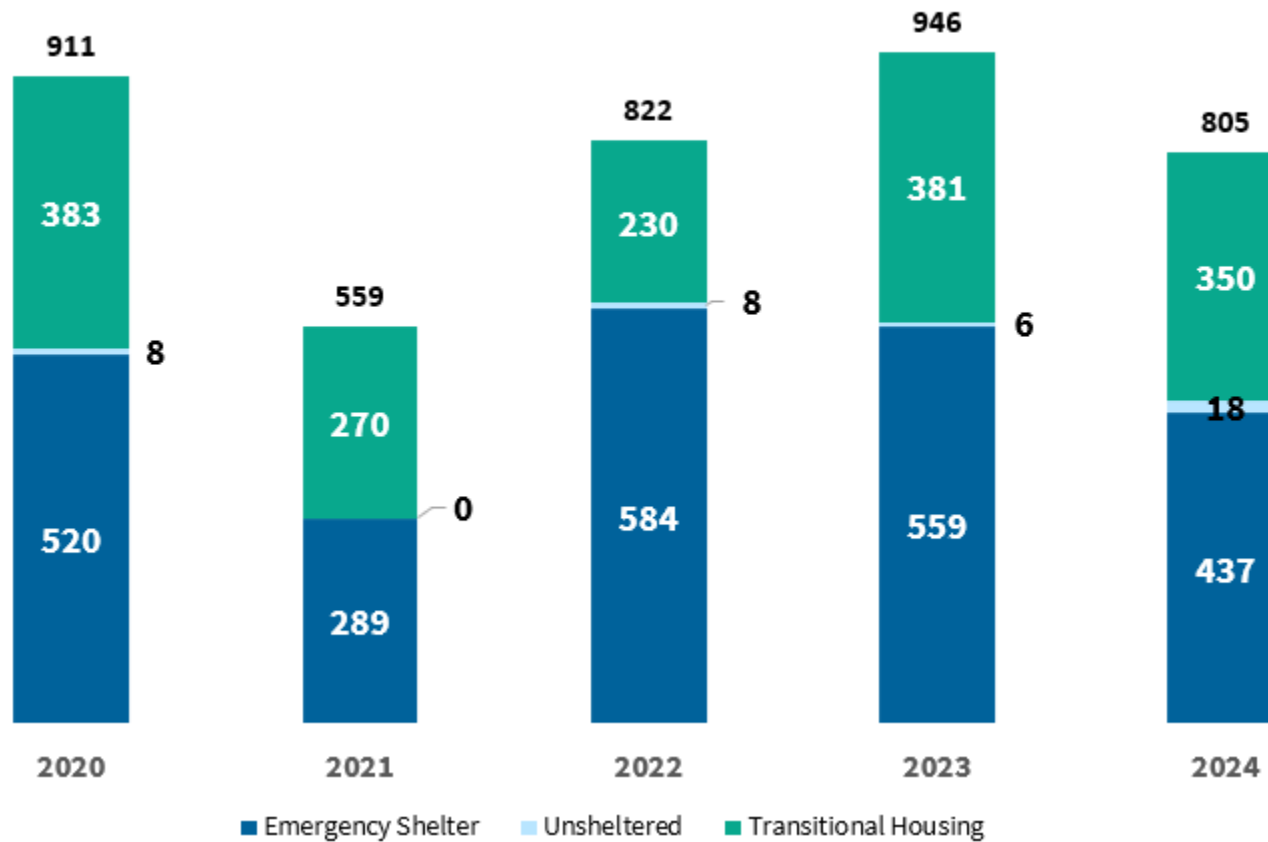
VETERANS

9% (287) of individuals identified as Veterans in the total adult population (3178) of the PIT count. 82% of the Veterans were in emergency shelter, transitional housing, or safe haven programs (sheltered) and 18% were unsheltered. Unsheltered homelessness among Veterans decreased by 38% in 2024 (52) from 2023 (84). In 2024, Veterans decreased overall by 21% (287) from 2023 (365).



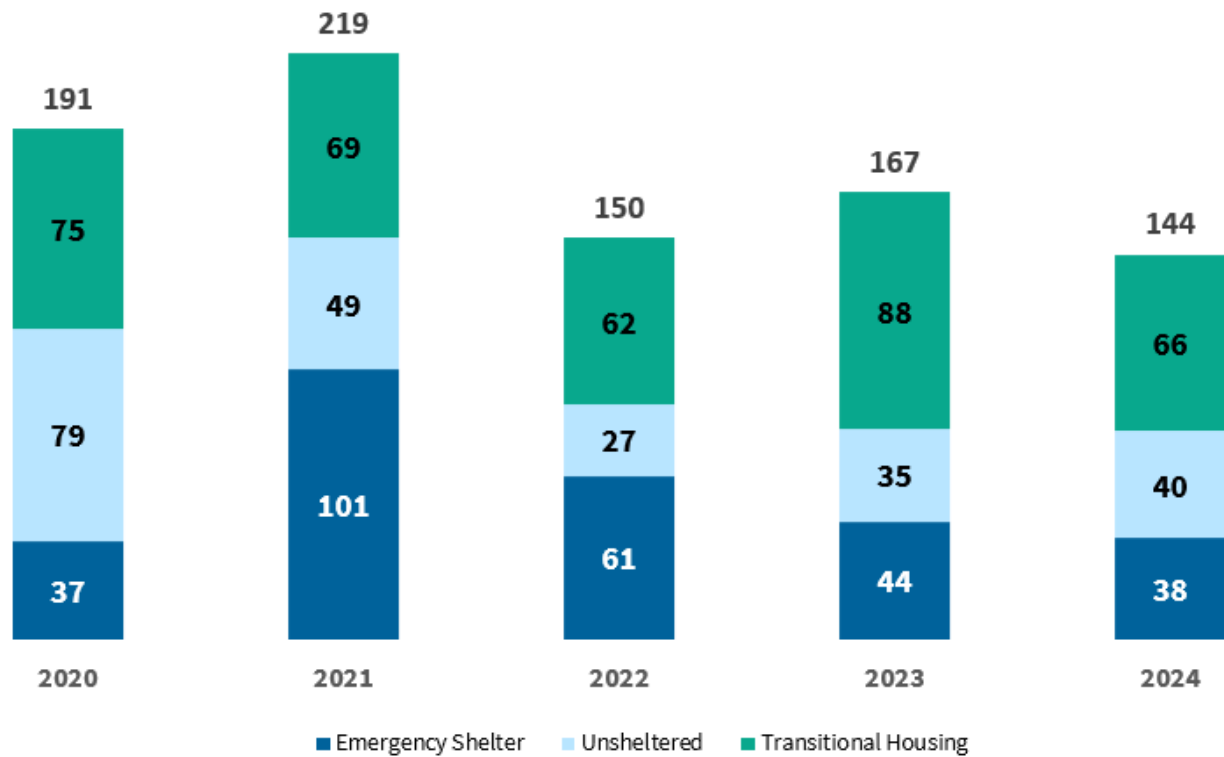
ADULTS WITH CHILDREN

Two percent, or eighteen individuals, in households with adults and children were identified in the unsheltered count. The remaining 98% were sheltered. 54% were in emergency shelter and 44% were in transitional housing projects. Adults with children are not eligible for safe haven projects. Households with both adults and children staying in emergency shelter decreased by 22% in 2024 (437 individuals) from 2023 (559 individuals). Additionally, households with adults and children participating in transitional housing decreased by less than 1% in 2024 (350 individuals) from 2023 (381 individuals).



UNACCOMPANIED YOUTH

Individuals between the ages of 18-24 unaccompanied by anyone over the age of 25 or under 18 are categorized as unaccompanied youth. Four (4) percent of the total number of individuals counted in the PIT are unaccompanied youth. 46% of these individuals were in transitional housing, 26% were in emergency shelter (ES), and the remaining 27% were unsheltered. The number of unaccompanied youth in both emergency shelter and transitional housing decreased by 27% percent in 2024 (38 individuals) from 2023 (44 individuals) and in 2024 (66) from 2023 (88), respectively.



ADDITIONAL SUBPOPULATIONS

Individuals represented in the additional subpopulations in this section may be counted in more than one category.

AT A GLANCE

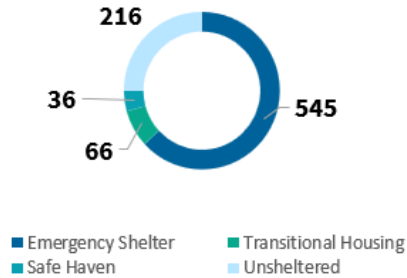
20% Of unsheltered adults reported a serious mental illness.

15% Of unsheltered adults reported a substance use disorder.

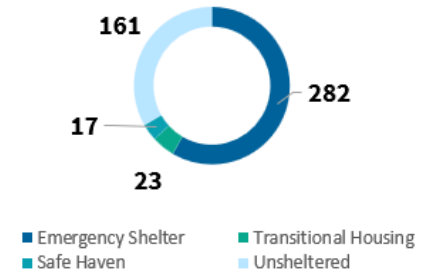
2% Of unsheltered adults identified as having HIV/AIDS related diagnosis.

9% Of unsheltered adults reported they were fleeing domestic violence.

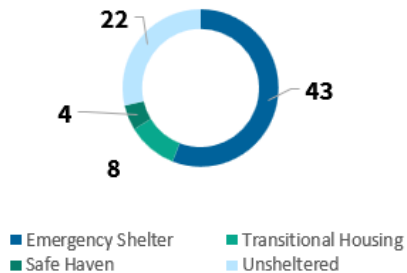
Adults with Serious Mental Illness



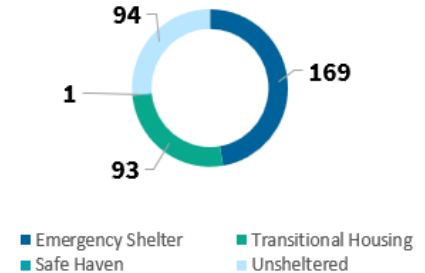
Adults with Substance Use Disorder



Adults with HIV/AIDS



Adult Survivors of DV



HOUSING INVENTORY COUNT - BED INVENTORY

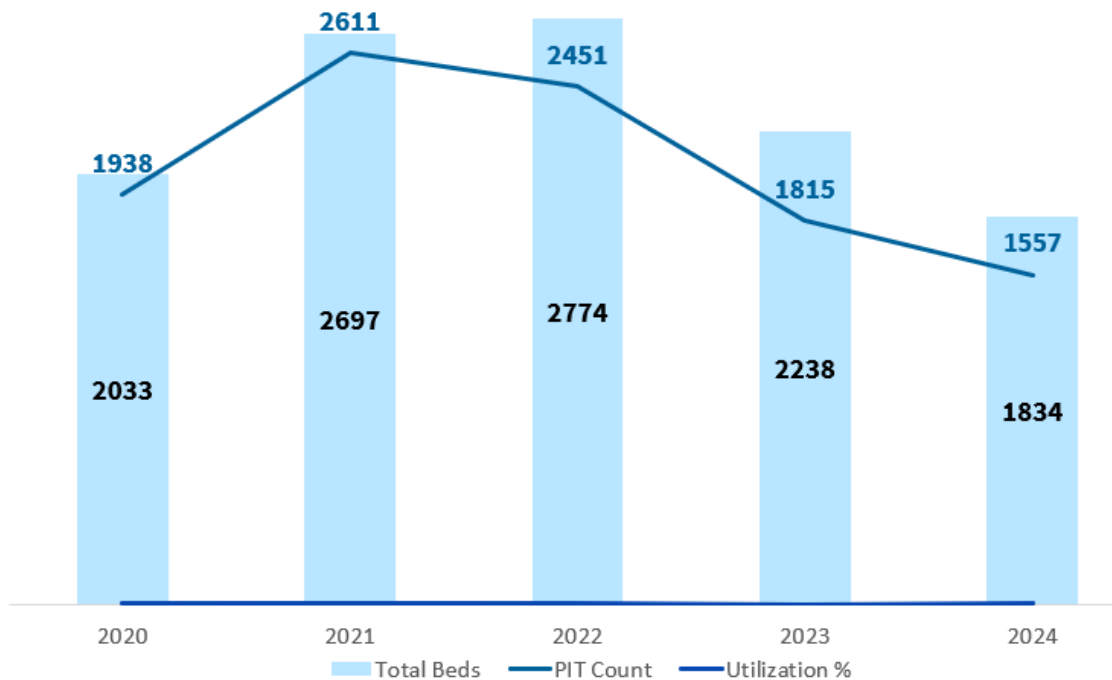
The annual Housing Inventory Count (HIC) is an opportunity to review utilization of current bed capacity within project types. In addition to the total number of available beds (bed inventory) for the project, the total client count for the night of the PIT is reported on for each project.

NOTE For emergency shelter and transitional housing projects below, the client count includes the total number of individuals residing in the project on the night of the PIT.

For permanent housing, permanent supportive housing, rapid rehousing and other permanent housing projects, the total client count includes only individuals **housed** on the night of the count; additional clients enrolled into the projects who had obtained housing or moved into a unit by the night of the PIT are not included in counts below.

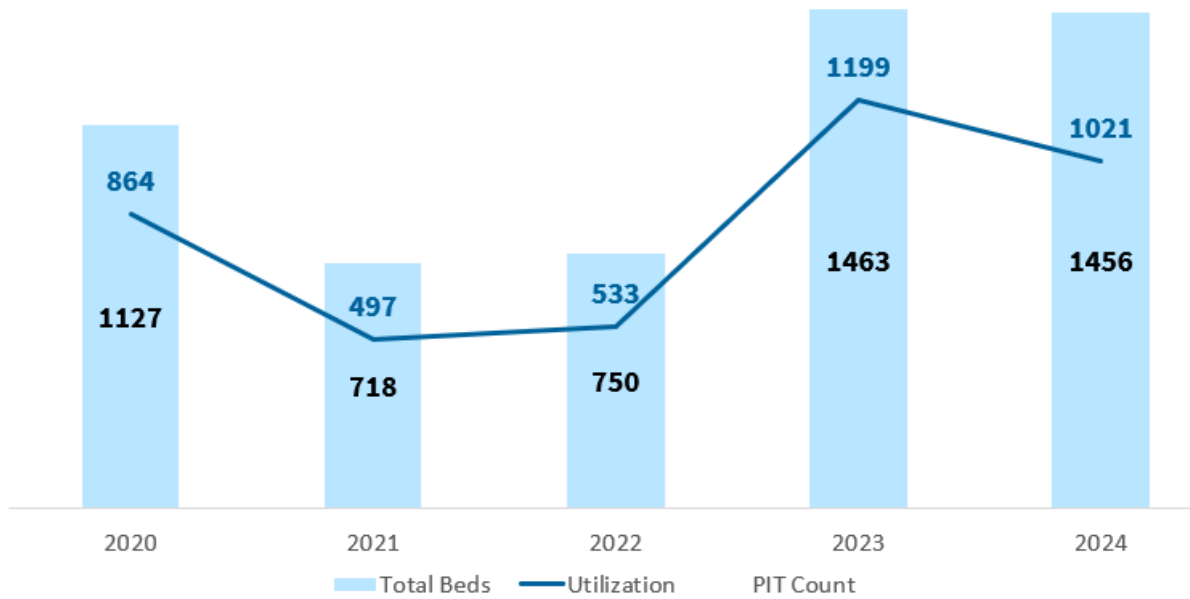
EMERGENCY SHELTER BEDS

In 2024, emergency shelter bed totals decreased due to project closures. The total clients on the PIT night divided by the available beds on the night of the count (1557/1834) provides a utilization rate of 85% of emergency shelter beds. This represents a decline in the total emergency shelter beds available but an increase in utilization of existing beds.



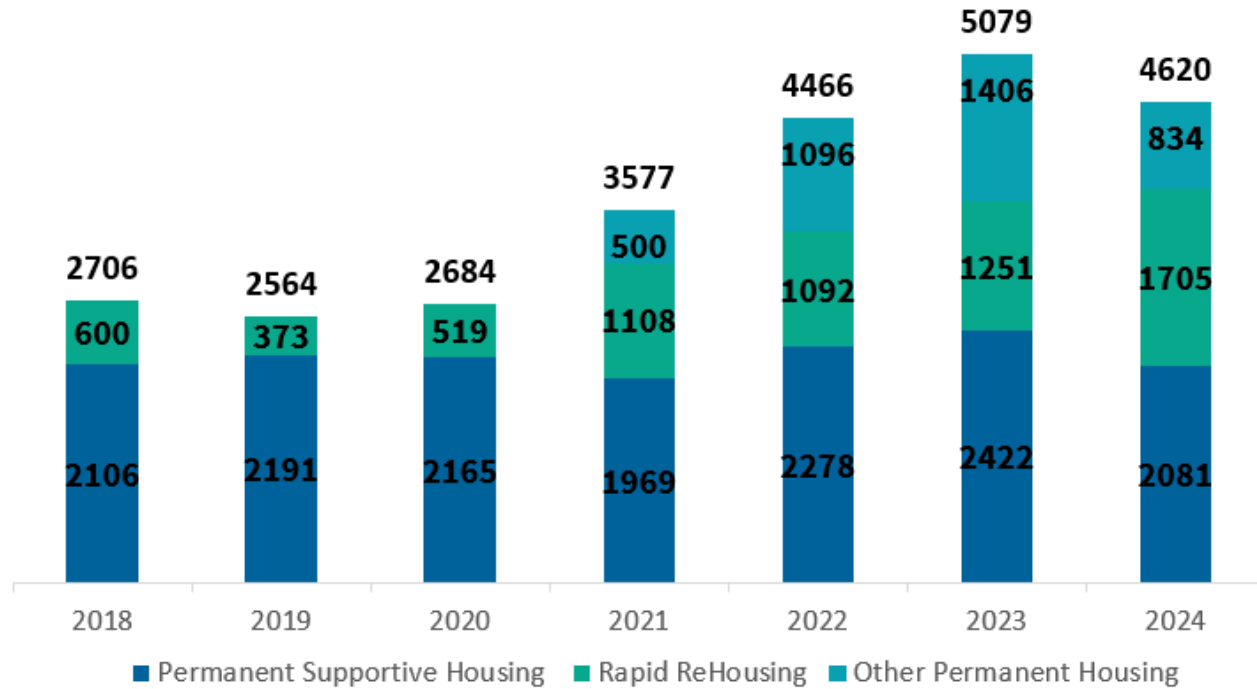
TRANSITIONAL HOUSING BEDS

In 2024, the total number of transitional housing beds decreased slightly. The project utilization rate is determined by dividing the total number of clients in the project on the night of the PIT by the number of beds in the project. The 2024 utilization rate for all transitional housing projects was 70% (1021 individuals/1456 beds). This represents a decrease in the utilization of TH available beds.



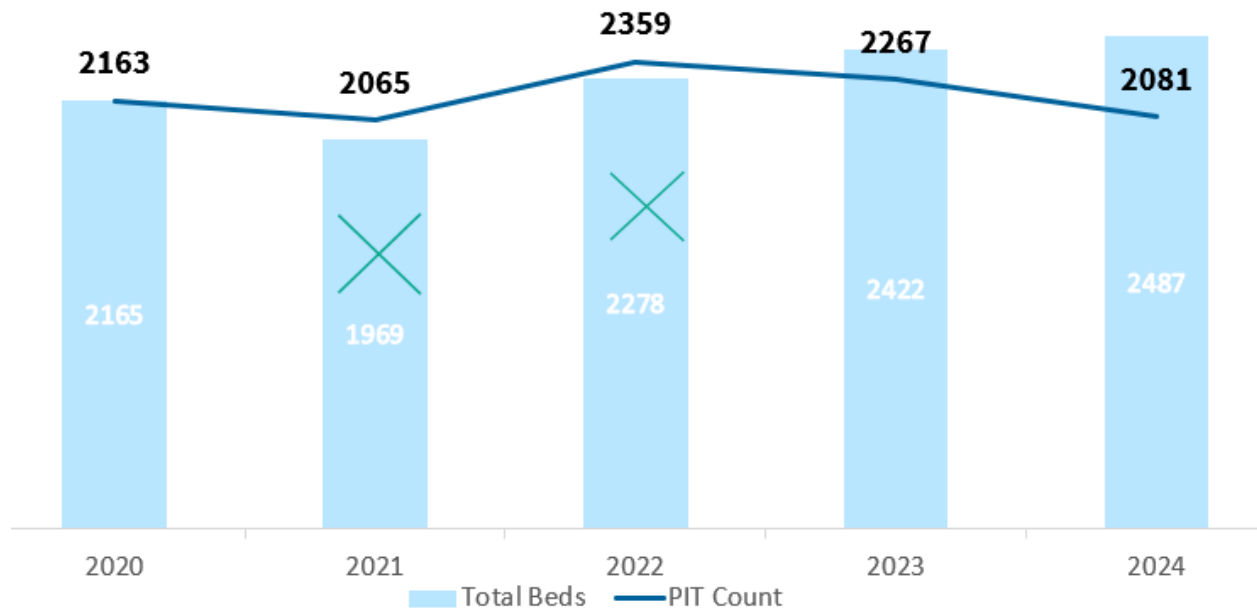
PERMANENT HOUSING INVESTMENT

4,620 individuals were reported as housed in permanent housing interventions on the night of the PIT count.



PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING BEDS

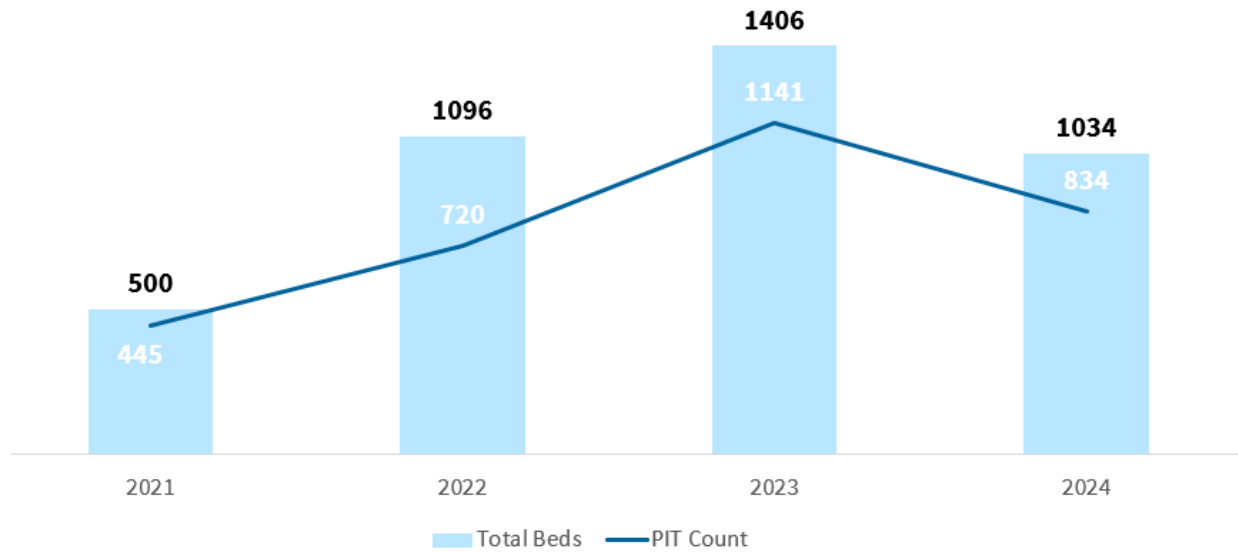
The total number of available permanent supportive housing beds reported increased in 2024 by nearly 3%. 84% of the reported beds had individuals moved into the units on the night of the count. Additional individuals were also enrolled in these projects; however, they had not obtained housing through the project by the night of the PIT count.



NOTE X Indicates historical data quality Issue in past submissions – the number of individuals counted in the PIT exceeded the total number of available beds. The PIT client count should not be greater than the total number of beds reported on the HIC.

OTHER PERMANENT HOUSING BEDS

In 2024, 1034 other permanent housing beds were reported in the CoC. 834 individuals were recorded as housed in other permanent housing units on the night of the 2024 PIT. Other permanent housing projects include Emergency Housing Vouchers and may also offer services similar to services available in permanent supportive housing programming but may not require a disability or chronic homelessness for eligibility.



METHODOLOGY

To provide additional context for the 2024 PIT, the following section details the methodology used for data collection and analysis.

PARTICIPATION

The HMIS and non-HMIS participating agencies submit and confirm aggregate and/or client level detail counts on all individuals and households residing in facilities on the night of the PIT count. HMIS users managed enrollments, shelter stays, and HUD-required data elements within the database to provide aggregate client counts. The HMIS provides a formatted PIT report for agencies to review and confirm the accuracy of data. Non-HMIS participating providers utilize Command Center, the Point-in-Time data entry application selected by the CoC for the PIT survey. Agency users survey each individual (or head of household) and input the data into the application. Agencies utilizing domestic violence (DV) comparable databases who could not utilize Command Center this year sent deidentified client detail data for inclusion in the reports.

NOTE HMIS data entry is not live for all agencies, however, the HMIS Data Quality Plan for TX-600 CoC requires that enrollment data is entered into HMIS within 48 hours (approximately two days) of an occurrence.

UNSHeltered Count

Housing Forward and volunteers from the partner agencies of the All Neighbors Coalition conducted the unsheltered count on January 25, 2024.

Observational data surveys were conducted and included in the 2024 PIT count. To minimize the risk of duplication, observation surveys were included if they met the following criteria:

- Recorded by trained system workers.
- Included sufficient descriptions and notes on the observed individual.
- Stamped at a time or in a region that did not have other surveys conducted at the same time or location.

Age ranges were established within the survey by either entering a date of birth or selecting the appropriate age range for the client. To establish household types, this data element was updated and marked as a required field in the 2024 count.

All survey records were deduplicated using personally identifiable information, including the expanded age criteria in the 2024 survey. Records with duplicate surveys, or individuals counted in shelter on the night of the count, were removed from the aggregation using the record archiving tools within the Command Center software.

All individuals were entered into the HUD PIT Data Extrapolation tool. In the report, breakout values for final demographic summaries for gender, race and ethnicity were determined based on extrapolated values across the total PIT population.

SHELTERED COUNT

Three sources of data were utilized to aggregate the sheltered count:

1. HMIS participating agencies collected enrollment and client level details directly in ClientTrack, the HMIS software solution for TX-600 CoC, for the following projects:
 - Emergency Shelter
 - Safe Haven
 - Transitional Housing
2. Non-HMIS participating agencies, including DV designated agencies, were provided the option to utilize Command Center to collect survey data, or to provide deidentified data in an Excel document. Agencies were allotted two weeks¹ following the night of the count to update records in their respective data systems or to submit files.
3. Housing Forward HMIS staff worked directly with agencies to reconcile data incongruities or inconsistencies identified by Institute for Community Alliances in the data cleaning and data aggregation process.

RACIAL DISPARITY

Data utilized for racial disparity analysis is from the United States Census Bureau [website](#). Data was filtered to include race and ethnicity values for both Dallas and Collin Counties in Texas.

HOUSING INVENTORY AND PROJECT DESCRIPTOR DATA ELEMENTS

To fulfill the HUD requirement of recording updates to specific Project Descriptor Data Elements (PDDE), organizations are expected to report changes in:

- Bed Inventory
- Project Type Changes
- Funding Source Changes

Housing Forward identified four project type changes from emergency shelter to transitional housing. This change resulted in:

- An increase of the number of individuals in transitional housing in the 2023 PIT.
- Decreases in the number of individuals experiencing chronic homelessness per the definition in the [HUD Data Collection Notice](#).

A new data collection form for housing inventory review and submission was developed and implemented by Housing Forward for the 2023 HIC. Inventory changes submitted through the form again in 2024 were updated in HMIS and used as the primary source of record for reporting in the Homelessness Data Exchange.

PIT COUNTS FOR PERMANENT HOUSING PROJECTS

In addition to housing inventory data, PIT counts for individuals residing in permanent housing projects were verified using HMIS data. Individuals and households counted in permanent housing projects, were required to have a housing move-in date on or before the night of the count in their project enrollment data in HMIS. This report excludes data with known data quality issues related to timeliness, especially with regard to housing move-in date.

¹ Final data sets for the 2024 PIT/ HIC Data Aggregation were not completed until April 1, 2024.